

Codebook for Ariotti & Golder, “Partisan Portfolio Allocation in African Democracies”

cabinet – number identifying cabinet chronological order, within countries; earliest cabinet in each country begins with 1 (in Africa_govt_obs.dta)

cabinetdates – begin and end dates for cabinet (variety of sources, incl. Africa South of the Sahara, Keesings, media, etc.)

cabinetcode – unique identifier for coalition cabinets (those with complete partisan portfolio information)

cangetdata – coded 1 if we were able to obtain complete partisan portfolio information for a coalition government, 0 otherwise

code – unique identifier with region, country code, and cabinet code. (For example, 103005 is region 1, country 3, cabinet 5.)

countryname – name of country

countrycode – unique identifier for country

cowcode – country code used by the Correlates of War dataset (<http://www.correlatesofwar.org/>)

democracy – Polity IV score (<http://www.systemicpeace.org/polity/polity4.htm>)

democraticyears – years between 1990 and 2014 that are at least 6 on the -10 to +10 Polity IV scale (<http://www.systemicpeace.org/polity/polity4.htm>)

eth_alesina – measure of a country’s ethnic heterogeneity (Data from Alesina et al. 2003 <http://www.nsd.uib.no/macrodatabank/set.html?id=16&sub=1>)

formateur – coded 1 if party is formateur party, 0 otherwise (variety of sources, incl. Africa South of the Sahara, Keesings, media, etc.)

gdp_constant2010usd – Indicator code: NY.GDP.PCAP.KD, World Bank. Measure of country’s GDP per capita, in constant 2010 United States dollars. (World Bank, <http://databank.worldbank.org/data/reports.aspx?source=2&type=metadata&series=NY.GDP.PCAP.KD>). Downloaded 27 November 2016 using Stata command “wbopendata.”

government_portfolios – total number of partisan portfolios in government (variety of sources, incl. Africa South of the Sahara, Keesings, media, etc.)

government_seats – number of legislative seats controlled by the government (all legislative seats of all government parties combined) (variety of sources, incl. Africa South of the Sahara, Keesings, media, etc.)

govt_legseatshare – share of legislative seats controlled by government

govt_size – total number of all ministers in government, including members who are not affiliated with legislative parties (from Africa South of the Sahara, Keesings)

govtcoalition – coded one if government is coalition government, 0 otherwise (if single-party government) (variety of sources, incl. Africa South of the Sahara, Keesings, media, etc.)

have_data – see *cangetdata*; coded 1 if we were able to obtain complete partisan portfolio information for a coalition government, 0 otherwise

legislativeelection – date of most recent prior legislative election (from IPU, see <http://www.ipu.org>)

leg_size – total number of seats in legislature (from IPU)

name - name of country (see *countryname*)

party - party name (acronym only; for full names see below)

partyname – same as *party*

party_seats – number of legislative seats per party (IPU, country-specific election reports)

portfolios – number of ministerial portfolios per party (variety of sources, incl. Africa South of the Sahara, Keesings, media, etc.)

portfolioshare – party share of government portfolios

postelection – coded 1 if cabinet formed after an election (first post-election cabinet to form), 0 if formed during an inter-election period. Legislative elections always accounted for; presidential elections taken into account if presidential or semi-presidential regime.

pres - coded 1 if regime is presidential, coded 0 if not (if parliamentary or semi-presidential) (From Clark, Golder & Golder 2017 Principles of Comparative Politics 3rd Edition.)

presidential - see *pres*. Coded 1 if regime is presidential, coded 0 if not (if parliamentary or semi-presidential) (From Clark, Golder & Golder 2017 Principles of Comparative Politics 3rd Edition.)

presidentialelection - date of most recent prior presidential election (if a presidential or semi-presidential regime; this does not apply to parliamentary regimes) (IPU)

regimetype – coded 0 if parliamentary, 1 if semi-presidential, 2 if presidential.

region – 1 for Africa, 2 for Western Europe, 3 for Latin America

seatshare – share of legislative seats controlled by a government party

year – year in which government cabinet begins

Parties

Burundi

CNDD-FDD National Council for the Defense of Democracy – Forces for the Defense of Democracy
FRODEBU Front for Democracy in Burundi
FRODEBU-N Frodebu-Nyakuri (“The Real Frodebu (Sahwanya Frodebu Nyakuri))
MRC Movement for the Rehabilitation of Citizens
UPRONA Union for National Progress

Ghana

CPP Convention People’s Party
NPP New Patriotic Party

Guinea-Bissau

PAIGC African Party for the Independence of Guinea and Cape Verde
PCD Democratic Convergence Party
PRS Party for Social Renovation
PUSD Partido Unido Social Democrata
UE União Eleitoral—UE

Kenya

DP
FORD-K Forum for the Restoration of Democracy-Kenya
FORD-P Forum for the Restoration of Democracy-People
KANU Kenya African National Union
LDP Liberal Democratic Party
NPK National Party of Kenya
ODM Orange Democratic Movement
ODM-K Orange Democratic Movement-Kenya
PNU Party of National Unity

Lesotho

ABC All Basotho Convention
BNP Basotho National Party
LCD Lesotho Congress for Democracy

Malawi

AFORD	Alliance for Democracy
DPP	Democratic Progressive Party
RP	Republican Party
UDF	United Democratic Front

Mauritius

ML	Muvman Liberator Party
MLP	Mauritius Labour Party
MMM	Mauritius Militant Movement
MR	Rodrigues Movement
MSM	Mauritian Socialist Movement
MTD	Democratic Labour Movement
OPR	Organization of the People of Rodrigues
PMSD	Mauritius Social Democratic Party
RMM	Renouveau Militant Mauricien

São Tomé and Príncipe

ADI	Acao Democratic Independente
MDFM-PCD	Social Democratic Party
MLSTP-PSD	Partido Social Democrata
PCD	Partido da Convergência Democrática
UK	Uê Kédadji alliance

South Africa

ANC	African National Conference
AZAPO	Azanian People's Organization
IFP	Inkatha Freedom Party
NNP	New National Party
NP	National Party